${f bravado}_c ore$

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bravado_core is a Python library that implements the Swagger 2.0 Specification.

Client and servers alike can use bravado_core to implement these features:

- Swagger Schema ingestion and validation
- Validation and marshalling of requests and responses
- Validation and marshalling of user-defined Swagger formats
- Modelling Swagger #/definitions as Python classes or dicts

For example:

- bravado uses bravado-core to implement a fully functional Swagger client.
- pyramid_swagger uses bravado-core to seamlessly add Swagger support to Pyramid webapps.

Contents:

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Configuration

All configuration is stored in a dict.

```
from bravado_core.spec import Spec

spec_dict = json.loads(open('swagger.json', 'r').read())

config = {
    'validate_requests': False,
    'use_models': False,
}

swagger_spec = Spec.from_dict(spec_dict, config=config)
```

Config key	Type	Default	Description
validate_swagger_spec	boolean	True	
			Validate the Swagger spec
			against
			the Swagger 2.0
			Specification.
validate_requests	boolean	True	
			On the client side,
			validates outgoing
			requests.
			On the server side, validates incoming
			requests.
			104003331
validate_responses	boolean	True	
			On the client side,
			validates incoming responses.
			On the server side,
			validates outgoing
			responses.
use_models	boolean	True	
			Use python classes to
			represent models
			instead of dicts. See
			Python Models.
formats	list of SwaggerFormat	0	
			List of user-defined
			formats to support.
			See User-Defined
			Formats.
include_missing_properties	boolean	True	
			Create properties with the
			value None if they
			were not submitted during
			object unmarshalling
			object unmarsnaming

Python Models

Models in a Swagger spec are usually defined under the path #/definitions.

A model can refer to a primitive type or a container type such as a list or a dict. In dict form, there is an opportunity to make the interface to access the properties of a model a little more straight forward.

Consider the following:

In python, this model easily maps to a dict:

```
pet = {
    "name": "Sumi",
    "age": 12,
    "breed": None,
}

print pet['name']

if pet['age'] < 1:
    print 'What a cute puppy!'</pre>
```

```
if pet['breed'] is None:
   pet['breed'] = 'mutt'
```

However, if the model is implemented as a Python type, dotted access to properties becomes a reality:

```
from bravado_core.spec import Spec

spec = Spec.from_dict(...)
Pet = spec.definitions['Pet']
pet = Pet(name='Sumi', age=12)

print pet.name

if pet.age < 1:
    print 'What a cute puppy!'

if pet.breed is None:
    pet.breed = 'mutt'</pre>
```

2.1 Configuring Models as Python Types

bravado-core supports models as both dicts and python types.

The feature to use python types for models is enabled by default. You can always disable it if necessary.

```
from bravado_core.spec import Spec
swagger_dict = {..}
spec = Spec.from_dict(swagger_dict, config={'use_models': False})
```

2.2 Allowing null values for properties

Typically, bravado-core will complain during validation if it encounters fields with null values. This can be problematic, especially when you're adding Swagger support to pre-existing APIs. In that case, declare your model properties as x-nullable:

x-nullable is an extension to the Swagger 2.0 spec. A nullable attribute is being considered for the next major version of Swagger.

2.3 Model Discovery

Keep in mind that bravado-core has to do some extra legwork to figure out which parts of your spec represent Swagger models and which parts don't to make this feature work automagically. With a single-file Swagger spec, this is pretty straight forward - everything under #/definitions is a model. However, with more complicated specs that span multiple files and use external refs, it becomes a bit more involved. For this reason, the discovery process for models is best effort with a fallback to explicit annotations as follows:

- 1. Search for refs that refer to #/definitions in local scope
- 2. Search for refs that refer to external definitions with pattern <filename>#/definitions/<model name>.

swagger.json

another_file.json

3. Search for the "x-model": "<model name>" annotation to identify models that can't be found via method 1. or 2.

swagger.json

```
}
}
}
```

models.json (served up via https://my.company.com/definitions/models.json)

User-Defined Formats

Primitive types in Swagger support an optional modifier property format as explained in detail in the Swagger Specification. With this feature, you can define your own domain specific formats and have validation and marshalling to/from python/json handled transparently.

3.1 Creating a user-defined format

This is best explained with a simple example. Let's create a user-defined format for CIDR notation.

In a Swagger spec, the schema-object for a CIDR would resemble:

```
"type": "string",
   "format": "cidr",
   "description": "IPv4 CIDR"
}
```

In python, we'd like CIDRs to automatically be converted to a CIDR object that makes them easy to work with.

```
class CIDR(object):
    def __init__(self, cidr):
        """
        :param cidr: CIDR in string form.
        """
        self.cidr = cidr

def overlaps(self, other_cidr):
        """Return true if other_cidr overlaps with this cidr"""
        ...

def subnet_mask(self):
        """Return the subnet mask of this cidr"""
        ...
```

```
•••
```

We would also like CIDRs to be validated by bravado-core whenever they are part of a HTTP request or response.

Create a bravado_core.formatter.SwaggerFormat to define the CIDR format:

```
from bravado_core.formatter import SwaggerFormat

def validate_cidr(cidr_string):
    if '/' not in cidr_string:
        raise SwaggerValidationError('CIDR {0} is invalid'.format(cidr_string))

cidr_format = SwaggerFormat(
    # name of the format as used in the Swagger spec
    format='cidr',

# Callable to convert a python CIDR object to a string
    to_wire=lambda cidr_object: cidr_object.cidr,

# Callable to convert a string to a python CIDR object
    to_python=lambda cidr_string: CIDR(cidr_string),

# Callable to validate the cidr in string form
    validate=validate_cidr
)
```

3.2 Configuring user-defined formats

Now that we have a cidr_format, just pass it to a Spec as part of the config parameter on Spec creation.

```
from bravado_core.spec import Spec

spec_dict = json.loads(open('swagger.json', 'r').read())
config = {
    'validate_responses': True,
    'validate_requests': True,
    'formats': [cidr_format],
}
spec = Spec.from_dict(spec_dict, config=config)
```

All validation and processing of HTTP requests and responses will now use the configured format where appropriate.

3.3 Putting it all together

A simple example of passing a CIDR object to a request and getting a list of CIDR objects back from the response.

```
{
                     "name": "cidr",
                     "in": "query",
                     "type": "string",
                     "format": "cidr"
            ],
            "responses": {
                 "200": {
                     "description": "List of overlapping cidrs",
                     "schema": {
                         "type": "array",
                         "items": {
                              "type": "string",
                              "format": "cidr"
                     }
                 }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
from bravado_core.spec import Spec
from bravado_core.response import unmarshal_response
from bravado_core.param import marshal_param
# Retrieve the swagger spec from the server and json.load() it
spec_dict = ...
# Create cidr_format add it to the config dict
config = ...
# Create a bravado_core.spec.Spec
swagger_spec = Spec.from_dict(spec_dict, config=config)
# Get the operation to invoke
op = swagger_spec.get_op_for_request('GET', '/get_overlapping_cidrs')
# Get the Param that represents the cidr query parameter
cidr_param = op.params.get('cidr')
# Create a CIDR object - to_wire() will be called on this during marshalling
cidr_object = CIDR('192.168.1.1/24')
request_dict = {}
# Marshal the cidr_object into the request_dict.
marshal_param(cidr_param, cidr_object, request_dict)
# Lots of hand-wavey stuff here - use whatever http client you have to
# send the request and receive a response
response = http_client.send(request_dict)
# Extract the list of cidrs
cidrs = unmarshal_response(response)
```

Verify cidrs are CIDR objects and not strings
for cidr in cidrs:
 assert type(cidr) == CIDR

Changelog

4.1 4.8.0 (2017-07-15)

- Add support for Swagger spec flattening PR #177.
- Fix handling of API calls that return non-JSON content (specifically text content) PR #175. Thanks mostrows2 for your contribution!
- Fix error message text when trying to unmarshal an invalid model PR #179.

4.2 4.7.3 (2017-05-05)

- Fix support for object composition (allOf) for data passed in the request body PR #167. Thanks Zi Li for your contribution!
- Return the default value for an optional field missing in the response PR #171.

4.3 4.7.2 (2017-03-23)

• Fix unmarshalling of null values for properties with no spec - Issue #163, PR #165.

4.4 4.7.1 (2017-03-22)

• Fix backward-incompatible Model API change which renames all model methods to have a single underscore infront of them. A deprecation warning has been added - Issue #160, PR #161. Thanks Adam Ever-Hadani for the contribution!

4.5 4.7.0 (2017-03-21)

- Added support for nullable fields in the format validator PR #143. Thanks Adam Ever-Hadani
- Add include_missing_properties configuration PR #152
- Consider default when unmarshalling PR #154
- Add discriminator support PR #128, #159. Thanks Michael Jared Lumpe for your contribution
- Make sure pre-commit hooks are installed and run when running tests PR #155, #158

4.6 4.6.1 (2017-02-15)

- Fix unmarshalling empty array types PR #148
- Removed support for Python 2.6 PR #147

4.7 4.6.0 (2016-11-28)

- Security Requirement validation (for ApiKey) PR #124
- Allow self as name for model property, adds new "create" alternate model constructor Issue #125, PR #126.
- Allow overriding of security specs PR #121
- Adds minimal support for responses with text/* content_type.

4.8 4.5.1 (2016-09-27)

• Add marshal and unmarshal methods to models - PR #113, #120.

4.9 4.5.0 (2016-09-12)

- Support for model composition through the allOf property Issue #7, PR #63, #110. Thanks David Bartle for the initial contribution!
- Fix issue with header parameter values being non-string types PR #115.

4.10 4.4.0 (2016-08-26)

• Adds support for security scheme definitions, mostly focusing on the "apiKey" type - PR #112.

4.11 4.3.2 (2016-08-17)

• Fixes around unmarshalling, x-nullable and required behavior - Issue #108, PR #109. Big thanks to Zachary Roadhouse for the report and pull request!

• Fix AttributeError when trying to unmarshal a required array param that's not present - PR #111.

4.12 4.3.1 (2016-08-09)

• Check if a parameter is bool-type before assuming it's a string - PR #107. Thanks to Nick DiRienzo for the pull request!

4.13 4.3.0 (2016-08-04)

- Add support for x-nullable Issue #47, PR #64 and #103. Thanks to Andreas Hug for the pull request!
- Fix support for vendor extensions at the path level PR #95, #106. Thanks to Mikołaj Siedlarek for the initial pull request!

4.14 4.2.5 (2016-07-27)

• Add basepython python2.7 for flake8, docs, and coverage tox commands

4.15 4.2.4 (2016-07-26)

• coverage v4.2 was incompatible and was breaking the build. Added –append for the fix.

4.16 4.2.3 (2016-07-26)

• Accept tuples as a type list as well.

4.17 4.2.2 (2016-04-01)

Fix marshalling of an optional array query parameter when not passed in the service call - PR #87

4.18 4.2.1 (2016-03-23)

- Fix optional enums in request params Issue #77
- Fix resolving refs during validation Issue #82

4.19 4.2.0 (2016-03-10)

- More robust handling of operationId which contains non-standard chars PR #76
- Provide a client ingestible version of spec_dict with x-scope metadata removed. Accessible as Spec.client_spec_dict Issue #78

4.20 4.1.0 (2016-03-01)

- Better handling of query parameters that don't have a value Issue #68
- Allow marshalling of objects which are subclasses of dict PR #61
- Fix boolean query params to support case-insensetive true/false and 0/1 Issue #70
- Support for Swagger specs in yaml format Issue #42
- Fix validation of server side request parameters when collectionFormat=multi and item type is not string Issue #66
- Fix unmarshaling of server side request parameters when collectionFormat=multi and cardinality is one PR #75

4.21 4.0.1 (2016-01-11)

Fix unmarshalling of an optional array query parameter when not passed in the query string.

4.22 4.0.0 (2015-11-17)

- Support for recursive \$refs Issue #35
- Requires swagger-spec-validator 2.0.1
- Unqualified \$refs no longer supported. Bad: {"\$ref": "User"} Good: {"\$ref": "#/definitions/User"}
- Automatic tagging of models is only supported in the root swagger spec file. If you have models defined in \$ref targets that are in other files, you must manually tag them with 'x-model' for them to be available as python types. See Model Discovery for more info.

4.23 3.1.1 (2015-10-19)

• Fix the creation of operations that contain shared parameters for a given endpoint.

4.24 3.1.0 (2015-10-19)

• Added http headers to bravado_core.response.IncomingResponse.

4.25 3.0.2 (2015-10-12)

- · Added docs on how to use user-defined formats.
- Added docs on how to configure bravado-core.
- formats added as a config option

4.26 3.0.1 (2015-10-09)

• Automatically tag models in external \$refs - Issue #45 - see Model Discovery for more info.

4.27 3.0.0 (2015-10-07)

- User-defined formats are now scoped to a Swagger spec Issue #50 (this is a non-backwards compatible change)
- Deprecated bravado_core.request.RequestLike and renamed to bravado_core.request.IncomingRequest
- Added *make docs* target and updated docs (still needs a lot of work though)

4.28 2.4.1 (2015-09-30)

• Fixed validation of user-defined formats - Issue #48

4.29 2.4.0 (2015-08-13)

- Support relative '\$ref' external references in swagger.json
- Fix dereferencing of jsonref when given in a list

4.30 2.3.0 (2015-08-10)

 Raise MatchingResponseNotFound instead of SwaggerMappingError when a response can't be matched to the Swagger schema.

4.31 2.2.0 (2015-08-06)

• Add reason to IncomingResponse

4.32 2.1.0 (2015-07-17)

• Handle user defined formats for serialization and validation.

4.33 2.0.0 (2015-07-13)

- · Move http invocation to bravado
- · Fix unicode in model docstrings
- Require swagger-spec-validator 1.0.12 to pick up bug fixes

4.34 1.1.0 (2015-06-25)

- Better unicode support
- Python 3 support

4.35 1.0.0-rc2 (2015-06-01)

- Fixed file uploads when marshaling a request
- Renamed ResponseLike to IncomingResponse
- Fixed repr of a model when it has an attr with a unicode value

4.36 1.0.0-rc1 (2015-05-26)

- Use basePath when matching an operation to a request
- Refactored exception hierarchy
- Added use_models config option

4.37 0.1.0 (2015-05-13)

· Initial release

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